Note Values Tutorial

Whole note - = 4 beats

Half note = 2 beats

Quarter note = 1 Beat

2 Eighth notes = 1 Beat

Have your child move in the direction indicated below. Choose a part of the room to be north and teach them NESW directions.

You can point them in the right direction to start and if you child is too young or doesn't yet understand directions, just have them begin by marching in place or moving around the room.

The solfege method [do, re, mi] used, works as below for rhythms:

- is a Ta-ah-ah-ah for 4 beats -clap and hold hands together for the ah-ah-ah
- is a Ta-ah for two beats - clap and hold hands together for the ah part
- is a Ta for one beat - clap once for each Ta

- are Ti Ti 's for 2 quicker eighth notes - Clap 2 times for each Ti

Listen to the audio below:

Audio rhythm
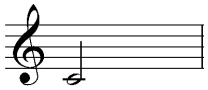
Example from the audio:

Ta Ta Ti Ti Ta Ta-ah Ta-ah Ta Ta Ti Ti Ta-ah-ah-ah

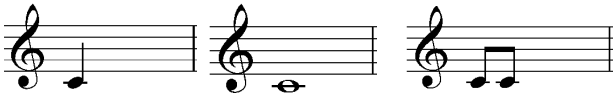


Note Speller **Tutorial**

Have your child figure out the note name and the word below it with the missing letter.



Ex. ___ara with C above would be Cara



The note names are the same regardless of the note values.

Note - the placement of the oval is the note name.

The solfege used for melodies is a follows:

Rain rain go a - way come a - gain an - o - ther day

sol mi sol sol mi sol sol mi la sol sol mi

Hand signs are in the beginning of the books as well.

Listen to the audio below:

Audio for Rain Rain solfege